Industrial Revolution



The Beginning



- Before there was a revolution, people would farm in rural areas to provide for themselves
- They would produce their own clothes, food, housing, tools, and furniture
- Small factories were soon to be built to make production of goods faster and easier and less work for workers



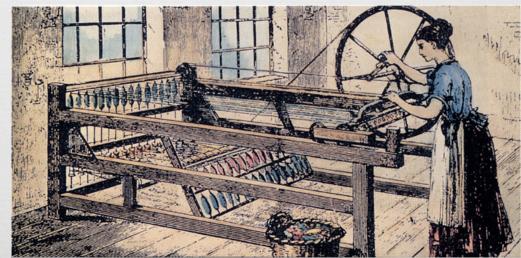
Industrialization Part 1



- In 1764, James Hargreaves invented the "spinning jenny" (jenny: engine)
- It was used for a person to produce multiple spools of thread simultaneously

Over 20,000 spinning jennys were used after Hargreaves





Industrialization Part 2





- Iron and Steel were two of the main elements in the Industrial Revolution
- Abraham Darby invented and easier method to produce cast iron, using a coke-fueled furnace (as opposed to charcoal)
- Henry Bessemer developed the first inexpensive process for mass-producing steel
- Iron and Steel were used to make: appliances, tools and machines, boats, and buildings



Industrialization Part 3



- In 1712, Thomas Newcomen developed the first practical steam engine
- Originally used to pump water out of mines
- New tweaks were made and the steam engine was used to power machinery, locomotives, and ships

Single Action Steam Engine

